

# Syllabus

## Atmospheric Physics II (PHYS 622) 2014

3 credits

Tuesday and Thursday 8:30-9:45 AM  
Math and Psychology Building, Room 105

### Instructors

Dr. Benjamin Johnson (301-614-6804, jbenjam@gmail.com)

Dr. Tamás Várnai (301-614-6408, varnai@umbc.edu)

### Course objective

Introduction to terrestrial atmospheric physics with emphasis on atmospheric radiative transfer, and aerosol and cloud physics.

### Required text book\*

Petty, G. W.: A Short Course in Cloud Physics. Sundog Publishing. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.

### Recommended books\*

Rogers, R. R., and Yau, M. K.: A Short Course in Cloud Physics. Pergamon Press, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.

Wallace, J. M, and Hobbs, P. V.: Atmospheric Science: An Introductory Survey. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.

Salby, M. L.: Fundamentals of Atmospheric Physics. 1<sup>st</sup> ed.

### Course outline

#### 1) Atmospheric Radiative Transfer: Basic concepts

- a) Fundamental radiometric definitions and terms
- b) Blackbody radiation
  - i) Kirchoff's law
  - ii) Planck's law
  - iii) Application to bodies not in thermodynamic equilibrium
- c) Molecular absorption
  - i) Summary of important absorbing gases in the atmosphere
  - ii) Descriptive summary of molecular absorption principles (vibration-rotation, etc.)
  - iii) Overview of spectral line shapes
- d) Extinction, absorption, and scattering
  - i) Beer's law
  - ii) Radiative properties of atmospheric scatterers
  - iii) The radiative transfer equation and methods to solve it
  - iv) Atmospheric optics

\* You may contact Benjamin Johnson about the best options for book purchases.

## 2) Atmospheric Aerosols

- a) Introduction to atmospheric aerosols
  - i) Importance in atmospheric processes
  - ii) Description of mechanical generation of salt and dust particles
  - iii) Gas-to-particle conversion
  - iv) Sulfate and nitrate particles
  - v) Carbon and other particles
  - vi) Radiative properties
- b) Size distributions
  - i) Measured and analytic
- c) Evolution of size distributions
  - i) Homogeneous nucleation (nucleation mode)
  - ii) Growth: diffusion, coagulation, kinematic, cloud processing (accumulation mode)
  - iii) Removal: settling, impaction, collision with cloud and precipitating particles (coarse mode)
- d) Aerosol measurements
  - i) In-situ and remote sensing
- e) Aerosols and climate
  - i) Global aerosol distributions, impacts of aerosols and their changes

## 3) Clouds

- a) Warm cloud processes
  - i) Cloud droplet microphysics (homogenous/heterogeneous nucleation, Kelvin equation, solute effect, CCN)
  - ii) Droplet growth by condensation
  - iii) Initial cloud droplet size distributions (CCN spectrum measurements, effect of CCN on cloud droplet concentration)
  - iv) Droplet coagulation and warm cloud precipitation processes
- b) Ice cloud processes
  - i) Homogeneous/heterogeneous nucleation, ice nuclei
  - ii) Ice particle growth by deposition
  - iii) Crystal habits
  - iv) Riming, aggregation, breakup
- c) Cloud measurements
- d) Clouds and climate

## **Grading**

Homework 30%

Student presentation on a research topic 30%

Mid-term and final exams (2 x 20%) 40%

## **Student Presentations**

Each student will give a presentation in class on a research topic of their choice in an area related to the course.

Topics must be submitted by March 15, and the presentations will take place during the last class or classes in May.

## **Schedule**

Classes Begin: January 28

Spring break: March 17-21

Last class: May 13

The classes will be divided roughly equally between the three main segments: Radiation, Aerosols, and Clouds.

A few lectures may be presented by guest lecturers (JCET, Goddard, or visiting scientists with expertise in relevant areas).